FINANCING MEMORANDUM

The European Commission, hereinafter referred to as "THE COMMISSION", acting for and on behalf of the European Community, hereinafter referred to as "THE COMMUNITY"

on the one part, and

The Government of Bulgaria, hereinafter referred to as "THE RECIPIENT"

on the other part,

HAVE AGREED AS FOLLOWS:

The measure referred to in Article 1 below shall be executed and financed out of the budget resources of THE COMMUNITY in accordance with the provisions set out in this Memorandum. The technical, legal, and administrative framework within which the measure referred to in Article 1 below shall be implemented is set out in the General Conditions annexed to the Framework Agreement between THE COMMISSION and THE RECIPIENT, and supplemented by the terms of this Memorandum and the Special Provisions annexed hereto.

<u>ARTICLE 1</u> - <u>NATURE AND SUBJECT</u>

As part of its aid programme, THE COMMUNITY shall contribute, by way of grant, towards the financing of the following MEASURE:

Programme number: 2003/005-630

<u>Title</u>: 2003 Cross-Border Co-operation Programme between

Bulgaria and Greece

<u>Duration</u>: Until 30 November 2005

<u>ARTICLE 2 - COMMITMENT OF THE COMMUNITY</u>

The financial contribution of THE COMMUNITY is fixed at a maximum of **20 million** € hereinafter referred to as "THE EC GRANT".

ARTICLE 3 - DURATION AND EXPIRY

For the present MEASURE, THE EC GRANT is hereby available for contracting until **30 November 2005** subject to the provisions of this Memorandum. All contracts must be signed by this date. Any balance of funds of the EC GRANT, which have not been contracted by this date shall be cancelled.

The deadline for execution of contracts of THE EC GRANT is **30 November 2006**, with the exception of the projects BG-2003/000-630-02 "Construction of Access Road to the Rudozem Border Crossing between Bulgaria and Greece" and **2003/000-630-03** "Cross-Border Employment Initiative", for which the execution of contracts expiry date is **30 November 2007**.

THE COMMISSION may however, in exceptional circumstances, agree to an appropriate extension of the contracting period or of the contract execution period, should this be requested in due time and properly justified by THE RECIPIENT. This Memorandum shall expire at the expiry date for execution of contracts of the EC GRANT. All the funds which have not been disbursed shall be returned to the Commission.

<u>ARTICLE 4</u> - <u>ADDRESSES</u>

Correspondence relating to the execution of THE MEASURE, stating THE MEASURE'S number and title, shall be addressed to the following:

for the COMMUNITY:

Delegation of the European Commission 9 Moscovska Str PO Box 668 BG-1000 Sofia Bulgaria

Tel: (+359 2) 933 5252 Fax: (+359 2) 933 5233

for THE RECIPIENT:

Mr Valentin Tserovski Minister of Regional Development and Public Works PAO 17-19 ST. Kiril i Metidil Street Sofia 1207 Bulgaria

<u>ARTICLE 5</u> - <u>NUMBER OF ORIGINALS</u>

This Memorandum is drawn up in duplicate in the English language.

<u>ARTICLE 6</u> - <u>ENTRY INTO FORCE</u>

This Memorandum shall enter into force on the date on which it has been signed by both parties. No expenditure incurred before this date is eligible for the EC GRANT.

The Annexes shall be deemed an integral part of this Memorandum.

Done at Sofia
Date
Date

for THE RECIPIENT Mr Valentin Tserovski Minister of Regional Development and Public Works for THE COMMUNITY

Mr Dimitris Kourkoulas

Head of European

Commission Delegation in Bulgaria

Encl.

- 1. Framework Agreement (incl. Annexes A & B)
- 2. Special Provisions (Annex C)
- 3. Visibility/Publicity (Annex D)

ANNEX C

1. OBJECTIVES, DESCRIPTION AND CONDITIONALITY

1.1. The wider objectives of the programme are:

- To promote good neighbourliness and stability between the CEEC countries and the Member States by funding projects which will yield tangible benefits to the regions and communities on both sides of the border;
- To promote co-operation with the CEEC regions bordering the European Union, helping these regions to overcome the specific development problems which may arise, *inter alia*, from their position within the national economies, in the interest of the local communities and in a manner compatible with the environment protection;
- To develop the economy of the border regions by enhancing the trade and the economic co-operation with special environmental consideration.

1.2. The **specific objectives and results** are reflected in the following priority areas:

- To continue to facilitate the movement of goods and people by rehabilitation of the access roads and infrastructure to the border crossings and by removing bottleneck on the main motorways on the road axis from Sofia to Thessalonica.
- To address local environmental problems that affect both sides of the border, such as, but not limited to, management of liquid waste disposal, and the integrated water management of the shared river basins (Mesta/Nestos) that will improve the quality of life and the safety of the local population and protect the natural environment.
- To facilitate the cross-border co-operation of regional actors and agencies in the areas of civil society, culture, education, business, especially tourism, and environment trough the continuation of a Small Project Fund: projects
- To provide technical assistance through Project Preparation Facility projects.

1.3. Programme Description

The programme has been designed following bilateral contacts between Bulgaria and Greece, several consultations with EC Delegation in Bulgaria, and DG Enlargement recommendations reflecting the Commission Regulations No 2760/98 (as amended by Regulation No. 1596/2002), concerning the implementation of CBC programmes in the framework of the Phare programmes. The proposed projects selected for support in the Phare CBC Bulgaria-Greece 2002 Programme were discussed during several meetings at technical level and approved at the JSC meeting in Thessaloniki, on 6 June 2003.

1.3.1. Transport Infrastructure Projects:

Starting from 1994, thanks to the establishment of the Cross-Border programme between Greece and Bulgaria, substantial funds were made available to improve and strengthen the cooperation of the two border regions. In order to have a longer term strategic approach, reduce the isolation and encourage investments and cross-border trade, the governments of Bulgaria and Greece signed on 22 December 1995 a bilateral agreement, by which they agree to open three new border crossing links:

Kurdjali – Komotini, Gotse Deltsev - Drama, and Rudozem – Xanthi. This bilateral agreement has since been the basis for the previous development of the Bulgaria-Greece border region. Consequently, each country has undertaken to carry out the necessary feasibility and technical studies in order to ensure appropriate road links to the proposed crossing points.

During the previous years, Phare CBC programmes and INTERREG programmes have contributed to the implementation of this bilateral agreement, by financing the construction of the first border crossing road (Gotse Deltsev – Drama):

- Under CBC BG/GR 1998 ♥ million for the Bulgarian access road to Ilinden (on the border between Gotse Deltsev and Drama)
- Under CBC BG/GR 1998 € million for the new Bulgarian check point at Ilinden
- Under CBC BG/GR 1998 €1.82 million for Rehabilitation of E85 road
- Under CBC BG/GR 1998 €23.20 million for Rehabilitation of E79 road
- Under INTERREG II Greek access road to Ilinden
- Under CBC BG/GR 2000 €17 million for the construction of the 17.67 Km access road (Podkova-Makaza) to the new border- crossing between Greece and Bulgaria (Makaza -Nimfea)
- Under CBC BG/GR 2000 € million for the construction of a Cut & Cover tunnel at Gotse Deltsev Drama border crossing.
- Under CBC BG/GR 2001 €7 million for the new Bulgarian check point at Makaza
- Under CBC BG/GR 2002: Rehabilitation and Partial Reconstruction of Road II-19 "Razlog – Bansko – Gotse Delchev – Sadovo – €0.3 million
- Under CBC BG/GR 2002: Construction of Second tube of the Tunnel at km 327 on road E-79 (Dupnitsa By-Pass €3.8 million

The following project is a logical step forward to the achievement of the programme objectives:

2003/000-630-01: Modernisation of the safety and telecommunication installations of the railway track Blagoevgrad - Kulata.

The project aims at the adequate modernisation of the safety and telecommunication installations, introduction of modern technologies, improvement and upgrades the railway stations' facilities as well as the facilities for the border authorities in order to reduce the travel time and increase the speed of the passenger and cargo trains between the border regions Blagoevgrad and Serres.

The project will impact on the increase of the safety and interoperability conditions of the railway infrastructures of the both border regions Blagoevgrad and Serres and will cause the followings:

- ☐ Increase of the traffic between the both border regions by 15%;
- ☐ Increase of the quality, the effectiveness and the reliability of the services, supplied to the railway operators;
- ☐ Increase of the quality of the transport services, supplied to the passengers of both border regions;

The railway station Kulata will be a pilot station with new visual communication system and facilities for disable persons. The station will be equipped with the information desks, signs and timetables using 3 languages – Bulgarian, English and Greek.

As a result of the project implementation, the travelling time from Sofia to Kulata will be decreased by 50 minutes. The project will result directly on the reduction of the check-border time by 30 minutes by optimisation the check-border activities, implemented at the common border railway station Kulata, based on the usage of the new cross-border document control system. The rooms for the border police staff will be rearranged and upgraded in accordance with their needs, regarding the implementation of the new TETRA computer system for remote check border control as well as the possibilities to exchange information with the Greek colleagues using the established optic backbone network.

2003/000-630-02: Construction of Access Road to the Rudozem Border Crossing between Bulgaria and Greece

The proposed project consists of new construction of an I class approach road to the new Rudozem Border Crossing Check Point between Bulgaria and Greece. The new road is a continuation of the existing road II-86 along "Rudozem – Chepintzi – Xanthi" direction. It begins from km 125+074 on road II-86, south of Rudozem, to km 134+664 with a total length of 9.66 km.

The road consists of two traffic lanes $(2 \times 3,50 \text{ m} = 7,00 \text{ m})$ and two stabilized shoulders $(2 \times 1,50 \text{ m})$, consisting of different elements, according to the different types of cross-section. The road construction includes also surface water drainage works, road markings, new traffic signs, guardrails, kerbs and landscaping. Structure of the road pavement is for 'heavy' traffic. A number of structures and culverts will be constructed. There is a Detailed Design available

(beginning of 2001) and the land acquisition is ongoing which will be completed till the end of 2003.

1.3.2. Economic Development and Employment:

2003/000-630-03: Cross-Border Employment Initiative

This project aims of the creation of new employment opportunities in the cross-border region as well as to improve the exchange of best practices in the field of labour market policy and services;

The exchange of best practices in the field of labour market policy and services will be achieved through conduction of 4, 2-days seminars in the target regions. Two of the seminars will be held in Bulgaria and the other two in Greece. The participants will be from the regional employment structures, the social partners and branch organisations from the partner countries. They are supposed to discuss and share experience in the field of employment standards, organisational directories, statistics and documentation on the provision of different services, projects, free job places (including opportunities for distant labour), training events, and opportunities for joint business development etc. As a follow up of the seminars a book and a CD will be elaborated and issued. They will comprise of best practices in the field of labour market polices and services as well as areas and concrete ideas for future collaboration and joint activities. The book and CD will be issued in Bulgarian, Greek and English.

A grant scheme will be created in order to provide investment resources for creation of new jobs, improvement of professional qualification level of the labour force, encouragement of entrepreneurship, building partnership between people and institutions from Bulgaria and Greece, improvement of living environment in the targeted regions. The grant scheme will have two subcomponents.

The first subcomponent will comprise activities of:

- 1. training and retraining;
- 2. joint community employment initiatives;
- 3. business consultancies

as described above.

Generally the eligible applicants should be Bulgarian-Greek consortia comprising of NGOs, municipalities, municipal organisations, community associations, and private companies. The applicants will be required to provide at least 10% co-financing. **The second subcomponent** will comprise activities supporting micro entrepreneurs and start-ups. In any case support will be given to projects financed by Greek and/or Bulgarian partners. As the grants provisions are investment support for private companies the procedures will be in full compliance with the State Aids provisions of the Europe Agreements.

The two subcomponents will be implemented separately in the time and their implementation will be arranged in common Guidelines for Applicants. As far as the first one comprises entrepreneurship training and business consultancy, it is preferably the second one (provision of investment grants) to be implemented when the first trained entrepreneurs are trained. So, those who are trained in entrepreneurship could apply for grants supporting their business initiatives. The implementation of the two subcomponents will be arranged in Guidelines of

Applicants. Only Bulgarian beneficiaries and activities taking place on the Bulgarian side of the border will be eligible to Phare CBC financial support.

1.3.3. Environment projects

2003/000-630-04: Improvement of fire and emergency safety along the Bulgarian-Greek Border

The proposed project is in the field of institutional building and support of the activities of regional/local services in the border regions between the Republic of Bulgaria and the Republic of Greece at leading body in the field of fire-fighting and emergency-rescue operations (FFERO) - Ministry of the Interior (MoI), respectively its competent service - National Service "Fire and Emergency Safety" (NSFES). The project's realisation will support the acceleration of the process of changes within the Ministry which has begun since 1997 and will promote the implementation of government's Strategy for efficiency increase of activities of bodies responsible for fire and emergency safety. The aim is raising at quantitative new level of the operational and tactical opportunities of District Services for fire and emergency safety (DSFES)- Blagoevgrad, Petrich, Sandanski, Gotse Delchev, Dospat, Devin, Smolyan, Rudozem, Zlatograd, Kardjali, Podkova, Krumovgrad, Ivailovgrad, Harmanli and Svilengrad. These services are an integral part of the NSFES' structure, responsible for fire and emergency safety of the territories of municipalities located in the border regions.

The proposed project is closely related to the prevention and keeping under control of fires, industrial emergencies and first aid rendering during natural disasters and crashes in the border regions of districts Blagoevgrad, Smolyan, Kardjali and Haskovo of the Republic of Bulgaria and the corresponding structures of prefectures East Macedonia and Thrace and Central Macedonia of the Republic of Greece, Xanthi, Drama, Kavala, Evros, Rhodope, Serres and Thessaloniki.

The project will be a basis of development of: plans for interactions; models of information systems for prevention, timely revelation and joint actions for control of occurred accidents.

This project will have strong cross border impact and it gives the opportunity for implementation of the same project on reciprocal principle by the Republic of Greece upon the programme INTERREG IIIA.

Similarly, on the Greek side, using the funds of INTERREG IIIA programmes, important projects for modernisation of fire service related to the effective fight against forest fires are implemented.

2003/000-630-05: Water quality management of Arda River

The project aims to establish a working partnership between the stakeholders of Bulgaria and Greece based on European standards for integrated monitoring and pollution prevention along the whole flow of the Arda River.

The project has direct cross-border impact and will be developed in a cross-border region of Arda River valley. Partnership for Arda River water management will be established in the both sides of the border. A co-operative system for integrative monitoring will be created and local

people will be trained for bio-indicators for water quality. Preconditions for reduction of Arda River pollution will be developed.

1.3.4. Technical assistance

2003/000-630-06: Project Preparation Facility for the CBC Bulgaria-Greece

The projects aims are: strengthening the capacity to prepare adequate programmes and projects in the context of Phare Cross Border Cooperation Programme between Bulgaria and Greece, with a view of financial support under future Phare CBC programmes and/or international financing institutions (IFI) as well as to support the relevant authorities to prepare a pipeline of mature projects in all JPD axes and measures that will be proposed for the 2004 and 2005 Phare CBC programmes.

The Project Preparation Facility (PPF) will support the preparation of projects within the future multi-annual Phare CBC programmes and as a consequence it will promote the key objectives of the Greek Interreg III Programme and Bulgarian Phare CBC Programme. Special attention will be given to the preparation of joint CBC Phare/INTERREG III projects and to projects with a strong cross-border co-operation character which will be planned in close co-operation with the regional and local authorities in the border areas.

1.3.5. People to people

2003/000-630-07: *People to people*

The project (under *Small Projects Fund* – SPF) aims are as follows:

- Strengthening of local co-operation across the border;
- Stimulation and support to creation of permanent structures among the local and regional organisations in the border regions;
- Capacity building of local and regional institutions involved in regional development and cross-border co-operation;
- Development of local/regional economy and employment;
- Development and strengthening of an effective implementation structure for implementation of cross-border projects in line with EU practice;
- Encourage local involvement in the Phare CBC Programme through support of small-scale actions which may form the basis for larger cross-border co-operation projects;
- Promote development of tourism, as an important contributor to the local/regional economic and employment development of the districts in the Bulgarian-Greece border region.

The SPF promotes projects with cross border impact and encourages the development of contacts and linkages between communities (organisations), institutions on both sides of the

border. In general, the "people-to-people" aspect of projects and the general direction of the SPF guarantee a high degree of cross border relevance of the scheme.

The SPF Steering Committee will be composed with representatives of the relevant Bulgarian and Greek border regions.

1.4. Overall programme conditionalities

Before the Financing Memorandum between the Commission and the Government of Bulgaria is signed, the National Aid Co-ordinator will satisfy the Commission that it is taking adequate steps to staff and resource adequately the National Fund, CFCU, other Implementing Agencies and project management units involved in implementing this programme.

Before the Financing Memorandum between the Commission and the Government of Bulgaria is signed, the National Aid Co-ordinator will confirm the availability of the national co-financing indicated in each project fiche, and the modalities for combining Phare and national co-financing when projects are contracted.

All projects involving the supply of equipment and works require national co-financing as shown in the relevant project fiche. If the total cost of such equipment or works turns out to be less than the amount envisaged in the fiche, the amount of Phare support will be reduced to maintain unchanged the relative proportions of Phare support and national co-financing shown in the fiche. If the total cost turns out to be greater than the amount envisaged in the fiche, the extra support required will be provided by additional national co-financing.

Before the Financing Memorandum between the Commission and the Government of Bulgaria is signed, the National Aid Co-ordinator will satisfy the Commission that draft twinning covenants, terms of reference and technical specifications have been prepared, as appropriate, to allow each project to be launched immediately.

All investment projects which, according to the rules stipulated in Directive 85/337/CEE, as amended by Directive 97/11, require an Environmental Impact Assessment should be the subject of such an assessment. If the directive has note yet been fully transposed, the procedure should be similar to that established by the above-mentioned Directive.

All investment projects shall be carried out in compliance with the relevant Community environmental legislation. The Project Fiches will contain specific clauses on compliance with the relevant EU-legislation in the field of the environment according to the type of activity carried out under each investment project.

Further project-specific conditionalities are described in each project fiche.

2. BUDGET

The following table specifies the EU contribution as well as national co-finance to the programme.

CRIS Code	DAC Code	Priority / Project Title	PHARE 2003			National	Total in
			Institution	Investment	TOTAL	Co-financing	€
						in €million	million
			Building				
		Transport infrastructure					
2003/ 000-630-	21030	Modernisation the safety and telecommunication installations of the railway track Blagoevgrad - Kulata	0.250	4.050	4.300	1.560	5.860
		Transport infrastructure					
2003/000-630-02	21020	Construction of Access Road to the Rudozem Border Crossing between Bulgaria and Greece		8.000	8.000	3.000	11.000
		Economic Development and Employment					
2003/ 000-630-03	16110	Cross-Border Employment Initiative	0.250	1.310	1.560	0.440	2.000
		Environmental protection					
2003/ 000-630- 04	16320	Improvement of fire and emergency safety along the Bulgarian-Greek Border	0.150	4.790	4.940	1.615	6.555
		Environmental protection					
2003/ 000-630- 05	41010	Water quality management of Arda River	0.460	0.040	0.500	0.170	0.670
		Technical assistance					
2003/ 000-630- 06	15010	Project Preparation Facility for the CBC Bulgaria-Greece	0.200	0.000	0.200	0.000	0.200
		People to people					
2003/ 000-630- 07	99810	People to people	0.035	0.465	0.500	0.050	0.550
		TOTAL	1.345	18.655	20.000	6.835	26.835

3. IMPLEMENTATION ARRANGEMENTS

a) Financial and Project Management by the Candidate Country

The programme will be managed in accordance with the Phare Decentralised Implementation System (DIS) procedures¹.

The National Aid Co-ordinator (NAC) will have overall responsibility for programming, monitoring and implementation of Phare programmes. The National Authorising Officer (NAO) and the Project Authorising Officers (PAO) will ensure that the programmes are implemented in line with the procedures laid down in the DIS Manual and other instructions of the Commission, and that all contracts are being prepared in accordance with the Practical Guide to contract procedures financed from the General Budget of the European Communities in the context of external actions (May 2003)².

The NAC and the NAO shall be jointly responsible for co-ordination between PHARE (including PHARE CBC), ISPA and SAPARD.

The National Fund (NF) in the Ministry of Finance, headed by the NAO, will supervise the financial management of the Programme, and will be responsible for reporting to the European Commission. The NAO shall have overall responsibility for financial management of the PHARE funds. He shall ensure that the PHARE rules, regulations and procedures pertaining to procurement, reporting and financial management as well as Community state aid rules are respected, and that a reporting and project information system is functioning. This includes the responsibility of reporting all suspected and actual cases of fraud and irregularity. The NAO shall have the full overall accountability for the PHARE funds of a programme until the closure of the programme.

b) Project size

All projects will be greater than €2 million, except those in the following areas:

- a) Cross-Border Employment Initiative
- b) Water quality management of Arda River
- c) Project Preparation Facility for the CBC Bulgaria Greece
- d) People to people

where the Bulgarian Ministries concerned cannot utilise as much as € million.

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¹ Taking into consideration the rules set down in the annex of Council Regulation 1266/1999

² The Practical Guide has replaced section F ("Procurement") of the DIS Manual

c) Deadline for contracting and execution of contracts, and programme deadline

All contracts must be concluded by 30 November 2005. Execution of all contracts must end by 30 November 2006.

Budgetary commitments, which have not given rise to payments during three years counted from the date of legal commitment, will be decommitted.

In the cases of the following projects, BG 2003/000-630-02 'Construction of Access Road to the Rudozem Border Crossing between Bulgaria and Greece and BG 2003/000-630-03 'Cross-Border Employment Initiative' execution of contracts must end by 30 November 2007. Justification is provided in the project fiches.

These extensions of disbursement period are needed to take into account the duration of works (impossibility to work in winter during several months) and the Defect Liability Period of one year after the completion of works.

d) Clearance of Accounts procedure and Recovery of Funds

A clearance-of-accounts procedure in line with Art.53 para 5 of the Financial Regulation³ and Art. 42 of the Implementing Rules to the Financial Regulation⁴ will be put in place.

Any proven irregularity or fraud⁵ discovered at any time during the implementation of the programme will lead to the recovery of funds by the Commission.

If the implementation of a measure appears not to justify either a part or the whole of the assistance allocated, the Commission is to conduct an appropriate examination of the case, in particular requesting the beneficiary country to submit its comments within a specified period of time and to correct any irregularity.

Following the examination referred to in the previous paragraph, the Commission may reduce, suspend or cancel assistance in respect of the measures concerned if the examination reveals irregularity, an improper combination of funds or a failure to comply with one of the conditions in the financing memorandum and in particular any significant change affecting the nature or conditions of implementation of the measure for which the Commission's approval has not been sought. Any reduction or cancellation of the assistance is to give rise to recovery of the sums paid.

Where the Commission considers that an irregularity has not been corrected or that all or part of an operation does not justify either all or part of the assistance granted to it, the Commission is to conduct a suitable examination of the case and request the beneficiary country to submit its comments within a specified period.

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³ Commission Regulation 1605/2002 of 25 June 2002

⁴ Commission Regulation 2342/2002 of 23 December 2002

⁵ As defined under number 8a (Audit and Anti-fraud Measures by the Candidates Countries) of this document

After the examination, if the beneficiary country has undertaken no corrective measures, the Commission may:

- (a) reduce or cancel any advance;
- (b) cancel all or part of the assistance granted to the measure.

The Commission is to determine the size of a correction taking into account the nature of the irregularity and the extent of any failures in the management and control systems.

Any funds not used by the expiry date of the programme will be recovered by the Commission. A final written declaration with supporting documentation shall be issued by the NAO 2 months after all payments have been made, showing the total amount contracted and disbursed. A final bank reconciliation showing the existing balances in the NF/IA/CFCU shall also be enclosed.

Notwithstanding the recovery of unused and ineligible funds after expiry of the Financing Memorandum, a complementary recovery order may be issued after the final audit of the reliability and consistency of contracts and disbursements as well as their compliance with the provisions of the Financing Memorandum has been carried out, taking into account the independent opinion of the final audit.

The National Authorising Officer will ensure the reimbursement of any unused funds or any sum wrongly paid within sixty calendar days of the date of notification. If the NAO does not repay the amount due to the Community, the beneficiary country shall refund this amount to the Commission. Interest on account of late payments shall be charged on sums not repaid by applying the rules specified in the Financial Regulation governing the Community Budget.

e) Financial Flows

The Commission will transfer funds to the NF in accordance with the Memorandum of Understanding signed between the Commission and the Government of Bulgaria in December 1998. Funds will be transferred following requests from the NAO onto a separate bank account, denominated in € which will be opened and managed by the NF in the Central Bank.

a) Transfer of Funds to the National Fund

A first transfer of up to 20% of the funds to be managed locally, representing pre-financing⁶, will be sent to the NF following signature of the Financing Memorandum and the Financing Agreements (FAs) between the NF and the Implementing Agencies (IAs)/Central Finance and Contracts Unit (CFCU). The provisions foreseen in articles 2 and 13 of the MoU on the NF must also be met. Furthermore, the NAO must submit to the Commission the designation of the PAOs and a description of the system put in place, highlighting the flow of information between the NF and the IA/CFCU and the manner in which the payment function will be carried out.

⁶ as defined in Art. 81.1.b.i of the Financing regulation

Two replenishments will be made of up to 30 % of the funds to be managed locally and the final payment of up to 20% or the full balance of the budget whichever is the lesser amount. The first replenishment will be triggered when 5% of the budget has been disbursed by the IAs and the CFCU. The second replenishment may be requested when 35% of the total budget in force has been disbursed. The final third replenishment will be paid when 70% of the total budget in force is disbursed. No later than 2 months after all payments have been made the National Fund will submit a final declaration of expenditure, which will trigger a balancing operation of all transfers against final certified expenditure incurred, which at that point will be equal to payments made. (Closure of expenditure)⁷.

Exceptionally the NAO may request an advance payment of more than the percentages mentioned above in accordance with the procedures laid down in the aforesaid Memorandum of Understanding. Save for express prior authorisation from the Commission HQs, no replenishment may be made if the trigger points mentioned above have not been respected.

b) Transfer of Funds to the Implementing Agencies

The National Fund will transfer funds to IAs, including the Central Financing and Contracting Unit (CFCU), in accordance with Financing Agreements (FAs) signed between the NFs and the IAs/CFCU where applicable. Bank accounts for sub-programmes shall be opened in the name of the relevant Implementing Agency/CFCU in charge of the financial administration of the sub-programme in line with Art. 13 of the MoU on the establishment of the National Fund.

Under DIS, each individual FA will be endorsed in advance by the European Commission. In cases where the NF is itself the paying agent for the CFCU/IA there will be no transfer of funds from the NF to the CFCU/IA. The CFCU and the IAs must each be headed by a Programme Authorising Officer (PAO) appointed by the NAO after consultation with the NAC. The PAO will be responsible for all the operations carried out by the relevant CFCU/IA.

For those contracts with funds retained for a warranty period, the overall total of funds related to those contracts, as calculated by the PAO and established by the Commission, will be paid to the Implementing Agency before the official closure of the programme. The Implementing Agency assumes full responsibility of depositing the funds until final payment is due and for ensuring that said funds will only be used to make payments related to the retention clauses.

The Implementing Agency further assumes full responsibility towards the contractors for fulfilling the obligations related to the retention clauses. Interests accrued on the funds deposited will be paid to the Commission after final payment to the contractors. Funds not paid out to the contractors after final payments have been settled shall be reimbursed to the Commission. An overview of the use of funds deposited on warranty accounts - and notably of the payments made out of them - and of interests accrued will annually be provided by the NAO to the Commission.

⁷ as defined in Art.105 of the Implementing Rules

c) Interest

In principle, all bank accounts⁸ will be interest bearing. Interest will be reported to the European Commission. If the Commission so decides, on the basis of a proposal from the NAO, interest may be reinvested in the Programme.

f) Implementing Agencies will be responsible for sub-programmes as follows:

The Implementing Agency of the CBC Phare programme of the Ministry of Regional Development and Public Works on the Bulgarian side will be responsible for all programmes and sub-programmes.

g) Environmental Impact Assessment and Nature Conservation

The procedures for environmental impact assessment as set down in the EIA-directive⁹ are fully applicable for all investment projects under PHARE. If the EIA-directive has not yet been fully transposed, the procedures should be similar to the ones established in the above-mentioned directive. If a project would fall within the scope of annex I or annex II of the EIA Directive, the carrying out of the EIA-procedure must be documented¹⁰.

If a project is likely to affect sites of nature conservation importance, an appropriate assessment according to Art. 6 of the Habitats-Directive 11 must be documented 12.

All investment projects shall be carried out in compliance with the relevant Community environmental legislation. The Project Fiches will contain specific clauses on compliance with the relevant EU-legislation in the field of the environment according to the type of activity carried out under each investment project.

⁸ in particular, but not exclusively, accounts run by the NF, the CFCU and IAs

⁹ DIR 85/337/EEC; OJ L 175/40; 5.7.1985; as amended by DIR 97/11/EEC; OJ L 73/5; 14.3.1997

¹⁰ in **Annex EIA** to the corresponding investment project fiche

¹¹ DIR 92/43/EEC; OJ 206/7; 22.7.1992

¹² in Annex Nature Conservation to the corresponding investment project fiche

h) Special rules for certain components for the programme

Grant scheme

For Grant Schemes, the precise implementation arrangements will be specified in the relevant project fiches in line with the following principles:

- The procedures and formats to be used in the implementation of the schemes and award of the grants will follow the provisions of the Practical Guide. In particular, due care will be given to the selection process of the beneficiary projects, which has to be done at technical level through selection committees composed of experts appointed by the authorities which are co-financing the schemes as well as by the relevant administrations and interest groups involved in the schemes.
- The competent PAO for the programme under which the grant scheme is financed has to retain his/her contractual and financial responsibility for the implementation of the schemes. In particular, the PAO has to formally approve the call for proposals, application forms, evaluation criteria, as well as the selection process and results. The PAO has also to sign the grant contracts with the beneficiaries and to ensure adequate monitoring and financial control under his/her authority and responsibility. With this reservation, the management of the schemes can be decentralised from the PAO to the appropriate bodies at sectoral or regional level.
- Prior to EDIS accreditation, the ex-ante approval of the Commission Delegation in Bucharest will be required, in conformity with the provisions of chapter 6 of the Practical Guide (decentralised ex-ante control).
- The implementation of selected projects through provision of works, supplies and services, sub-contracted by the final beneficiaries of the individual grants, shall be subject to the procurement regulations in the Practical Guide.
- Following a positive assessment of the Implementing Agency's capacity to operationally and financially manage the schemes in a sound and efficient manner (cf. Section 11 and Annex 4 of the 2003 PHARE Programming Guide), the Commission Delegation may decide to waive its ex-ante approval of sub-contracting carried out by final beneficiaries of individual grants. The detailed provisions governing the role of the Delegation in the above mentioned sub-contracting phase will be specified, as appropriate, in the exchange of letters between the Delegation and the National Authorities following the above mentioned assessment exercise.
- Grant schemes will not involve projects for which PHARE contribution is more than €2 million and less than €0,000. This lower limit may be waived as a result of the above-mentioned assessment of the Implementing Agency's capacity of giving assurance of sound financial management. This lower limit is not applicable in the case of NGOs.

The financial commitments in Phare terms will be effected at the date of signature of the grant contracts by the competent PAO. The projects should be fully implemented before the expiry date for contract execution of the present Financing Memorandum.

Joint Small Project Fund

The Joint Small Projects Fund will not include physical investments other than small infrastructure not generating substantial net revenue.

For the CBC Joint Small Project Fund, up to 7% of the PHARE contribution may be used for expenditure relating to the preparation, selection, and appraisal and monitoring of the assistance.

For Grant Schemes in the field of Economic and Social Cohesion, the precise implementation arrangements will be specified in the relevant project fiches in line with the following principles:

- The procedures and formats to be used in the implementation of the schemes and award of the grants will follow the provisions of the Practical Guide. In particular, due care will be given to the selection process of the beneficiary projects, which has to be done at technical level through selection committees composed of experts appointed by the authorities which are co-financing the schemes as well as by the relevant administrations and interest groups involved in the schemes.
- The competent PAO for the programme under which the grant scheme is financed has to retain his/her contractual and financial responsibility for the implementation of the schemes. In particular, the PAO has to formally approve the call for proposals, application forms, evaluation criteria, as well as the selection process and results. The PAO has also to sign the grant contracts with the beneficiaries and to ensure adequate monitoring and financial control under his/her authority and responsibility. With this reservation, the management of the schemes can be decentralised from the PAO to the appropriate bodies at sectoral or regional level.
- Prior to DIS accreditation, the ex-ante approval of the Commission Delegation in Bulgaria will be required, in conformity with the provisions of chapter 6 of the Practical Guide (decentralised ex-ante control).
- The implementation of selected projects through provision of works, supplies and services, sub-contracted by the final beneficiaries of the individual grants, shall be subject to the procurement regulations in the Practical Guide.
- Following a positive assessment of the Implementing Agency's capacity to operationally and financially manage the schemes in a sound and efficient manner (cf. Section 11 and Annex 4 of the 2003 PHARE Programming Guide), the Commission Delegation may decide to waive its ex-ante approval of sub-contracting carried out by final beneficiaries of individual grants. The detailed provisions governing the role of the Delegation in the above mentioned sub-contracting phase will be specified, as appropriate, in the exchange of letters between the Delegation and the National Authorities following the above mentioned assessment exercise.
- Grant schemes will not involve projects for which PHARE contribution is more than €2 million and less than €0,000. This lower limit may be waived as a result of the above-mentioned assessment of the Implementing Agency's capacity of giving assurance of sound financial management. This lower limit is not applicable in the case of NGOs.

The financial commitments in Phare terms will be effected at the date of signature of the grant contracts by the competent PAO. The projects should be fully implemented before the expiry date for contract execution of the present Financing Memorandum.

4. MONITORING AND EVALUATION

Project implementation of this programme will be monitored through the Joint Monitoring Committee (JMC). It includes the NAO, the NAC and the Commission services. The JMC will meet at least once a year to review all Phare funded programmes in order to assess their progress towards meeting the objectives set out in Financing Memoranda and the Accession Partnership. The JMC may recommend a change of priorities and/or the re-allocation of Phare funds. Furthermore the JMC will review the progress of all pre-accession EU-funded assistance programmes once a year (PHARE, ISPA and SAPARD).

For the PHARE programme, the JMC will be assisted by Sectoral Monitoring Sub-Committees (SMSC) which will include the NAC, the PAO of each Implementing Agency (and of the CFCU where applicable) and the Commission Services. The SMSC will review in detail the progress of each programme, including its components and contracts, assembled by the JMC into suitable monitoring sectors. Each sector will be supervised by one SMSC on the basis of regular monitoring reports produced by the Implementing Agency, and interim evaluations undertaken by independent evaluators. The SMSC will put forward recommendations on aspects of management and design, ensuring these are effected. The SMSC will report to the JMC, to which it will submit overall detailed opinions on all Phare financed programmes in its sector.

The Commission services shall ensure that an ex-post evaluation is carried out after completion of the Programme.

5. AUDIT AND ANTI-FRAUD MEASURES

a) By the Candidate Countries¹³

Each year an audit plan and a summary of the findings of the audits carried out shall be sent to the Commission. Audit reports shall be at the disposal of the Commission.

Appropriate financial control shall be carried out by the competent national financial control authority with respect to the implementation of the programme.

Beneficiary countries shall ensure investigation and satisfactory treatment of suspected and actual cases of fraud and irregularity following national or Community controls.

¹³ in accordance with the rules set down in Art. 54 of the Financing Regulation

Irregularity shall mean any infringement of a provision of Community law¹⁴ resulting from an act or omission by an economic operator, which has, or would have, the effect of prejudicing the general budget of the Communities or budgets managed by them, either by reducing or losing revenue accruing from own resources collected directly on behalf of the Communities, or by an unjustified item of expenditure.

Fraud shall mean any intentional act or omission relating to:

- (i) the use or presentation of false, incorrect or incomplete statements or documents, which has as its effect the misappropriation or wrongful retention of funds from the general budget of the European Communities or budgets managed by, or on behalf of, the European Communities,
- (ii) non-disclosure of information in violation of a specific obligation, with the same effect,
- (iii) the misapplication of such funds for purposes other than those for which they are originally granted .

The national authorities shall ensure the functioning of a control and reporting mechanism equivalent to the one foreseen in Commission Regulation 1681/94¹⁸.

In particular, all suspected and actual cases of fraud and irregularity as well as all measures related thereto taken by the national authority must be reported to the Commission services without delay. Should there be no suspected or actual cases of fraud and irregularity to report, the beneficiary country shall inform the Commission of this fact at the end of each quarter.

b) By the Commission

All financing memoranda as well as the resulting contracts are subject to supervision and financial control by the Commission (including the European Anti-fraud Office) and audits by the Court of Auditors. This includes measures such as ex-ante verification of tendering and contracting carried out by the Delegation in the Candidate Country concerned and on-the-spot checks.

In order to ensure efficient protection of the financial interests of the Community, the Commission may conduct on-the-spot checks and inspections in accordance with the procedures foreseen in Council Regulation (Euratom, EC) No. 2185/96¹⁹.

The accounts and operations of the National Fund, and, where applicable, the CFCU and all relevant Implementing Agencies may be checked at the Commission's discretion by an outside auditor contracted by the Commission without prejudice to the responsibilities of the Commission and the European Union's Court of Auditors as referred to in the "General Conditions relating to the Financing Memorandum" attached to the Framework Agreement.

defined as the entirety of Community rules applicable between the Parties of the Financing Memorandum (for example the Europe Agreements, the Framework Agreement, the Memorandum of Understanding on the Establishment of the National Fund, etc....)

¹⁸ OJ L 178; 12.7.94; p. 43-46

¹⁹ OJ L 292; 15.11.1996; p. 2-5

6. VISIBILITY / PUBLICITY

The appropriate Programme Authorising Officer will be responsible for ensuring that the necessary measures are taken to ensure appropriate publicity for all activities financed from the programme. This will be done in close liaison with the European Commission Delegation. Further details are at the Annex "Visibility/Publicity" (enclosed).

7. SPECIAL CONDITIONS

In the event that agreed commitments are not met for reasons, which are within the control of the Government of Bulgaria, the Commission may review the Programme with a view, at the Commission's discretion, to cancelling all or part of it and/or to re-allocate unused funds for other purposes consistent with the objectives of the Phare Programme.

Almost all the appropriate structures for implementation and management have already been set up during the previous CBC programme, proving that parties involved are able to cooperate to fulfil the proposed objectives. A letter of commitment will accompany every project approved by JSC, stating the fact that local co-financing will be made available by the beneficiaries.

Each construction project will include adequate independent supervision of projects. Works will be tendered to **pre-qualified** contractors with relevant financial capacity, and technical and **FIDIC** experience.

INFORMATION AND PUBLICITY FOR THE PHARE, ISPA AND SAPARD

PROGRAMMES OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES

1. Objective and scope

Information and publicity measures concerning assistance from the European Community Phare Programme are intended to increase public awareness and transparency of EU action and to create a consistent image of the measures concerned in all applicant countries. Information and publicity shall concern measures receiving a contribution from the Phare Programme.

2. General principles

The appropriate Programme Authorising Officer in charge of the implementation of Financing Memoranda, and other forms of assistance shall be responsible for publicity on the spot. Publicity shall be carried out in co-operation with the EC Delegations, which shall be informed of measures taken for this purpose.

The competent national and regional authorities shall take all the appropriate administrative steps to ensure the effective application of these arrangements and to collaborate with the EC Delegations on the spot.

The information and publicity measures described below are based on the provisions of the regulations and decisions applicable to the Structural Funds. They are:

- Regulation (EEC) 1159/2000 Official Journal of the European Communities No L130/30, 31 May 2000;
- Commission Decision of 31 May 1994; Official Journal of the European Communities No L 152/39, 18 June 1994.

Specific provisions concerning ISPA are included in:

 Commission Decision of 22nd June 2001, Official journal of the European Communities No L.182/58

Information and publicity measures must comply with the provisions of the above mentioned regulation and decision. A manual on compliance is available to national, regional and local authorities from the EC Delegation in the country concerned.

3. Information and publicity concerning Phare programmes

Information and publicity shall be the subject of a coherent set of measures defined by the competent national, regional and local authorities in collaboration with the EC Delegations for the duration of the Financing Memorandum and shall concern both programmes and other forms of assistance.

The costs of information and publicity relating to individual projects shall be met from the budget for those projects.

When Phare programmes are implemented, the measures set out at (a) and (b) below shall apply:

- (a) The competent authorities of the applicant countries shall publish the content of programmes and other forms of assistance in the most appropriate form. They shall ensure that such documents are appropriately disseminated and shall hold them available for interested parties. They shall ensure the consistent presentation throughout the territory of the applicant country of information and publicity material produced.
- (b) Information and publicity measures on the spot shall include the following:
 - (i) In the case of infrastructure investments with a cost exceeding EUR 1 million:
 - billboards erected on the sites, to be installed in accordance with the provisions
 of the regulation and decision mentioned in paragraph 2 above, and the technical
 specifications of the manual to be provided by the EC Delegation in the country
 concerned.
 - permanent commemorative plaques for infrastructures accessible to the general public, to be installed in accordance with the provisions of the regulation and decision mentioned in paragraph 2 above, and the technical specifications of the manual to be provided by the EC Delegation in the country concerned.
 - (ii) In the case of productive investments, measures to develop local potential and all other measures receiving financial assistance from Phare, Ispa or Sapard:
 - measures to make potential beneficiaries and the general public aware of Phare, Ispa or Sapard assistance, in accordance with the provisions cited at paragraph 3(b)(i) above.
 - measures targeting applicants for public aids part-financed by Phare, ISPA or SAPARD in the form of an indication on the forms to be filled out by such applications, that part of the aid comes from the EU, and specifically, the Phare, ISPA or SAPARD Programmes in accordance with the provisions outlined above.

4. Visibility of EU assistance in business circles and among potential beneficiaries and the general public

4.1 Business circles

Business circles must be involved as closely as possible with the assistance, which concerns them most directly.

The authorities responsible for implementing assistance shall ensure the existence of appropriate channels for disseminating information to potential beneficiaries, particularly SMEs. These should include an indication of the administrative procedures to be followed.

4.2 Other potential beneficiaries

The authorities responsible for implementing assistance shall ensure the existence of appropriate channels for disseminating information to all persons who benefit or could benefit from measures concerning training, employment or the development of human resources. To this end, they shall secure the co-operation of vocational training bodies involved in employment, business and groups of business, training centres and non-governmental organisations.

Forms

Forms issued by national, regional or local authorities concerning the announcement of, application for and grant of assistance intended for final beneficiaries or any other person eligible for such assistance shall indicate that the EU, and specifically the Phare, Ispa or Sapard Programmes, is providing financial support. The notification of aid sent to beneficiaries shall mention the amount or percentage of the assistance financed by the Programme in question. If such documents bear the national or regional emblem, they shall also bear the EU logo of the same size.

4.3 The general public

The media

The competent authorities shall inform the media in the most appropriate manner about actions co-financed by the EU, and Phare, ISPA or SAPARD in particular. Such participation shall be fairly reflected in this information.

To this end, the launch of operations (once they have been adopted by the Commission) and important phases in their implementation shall be the subject of information measures, particularly in respect of regional media (press, radio and television). Appropriate collaboration must be ensured with the EC Delegation in the applicant country.

The principles laid down in the two preceding paragraphs shall apply to advertisements such as press releases or publicity communiqués.

<u>Information events</u>

The organisers of information events such as conferences, seminars, fairs and exhibitions in connection with the implementation of operations part-financed by the Phare, Ispa or Sapard Programmes shall undertake to make explicit the participation of the EU. The opportunity could be taken of displaying the European flags in meeting rooms and the EU logo upon documents depending on the circumstances. The EC Delegation in the applicant country shall assist, as necessary, in the preparation and implementation of such events.

Information material

Publications (such as brochures and pamphlets) about programmes or similar measures financed or co-financed by Phare, Ispa or Sapard should, on the title page, contain a clear indication of the EU participation as well as the EU logo where the national or regional emblem is used.

Where such publications include a preface, it should be signed by both the person responsible in the applicant country and, for the Commission, the Delegate of the Commission to ensure that EU participation is made clear.

Such publications shall refer to the national and regional bodies responsible for informing interested parties. The above-mentioned principles shall also apply to audio-visual material.

5. Special arrangements concerning billboards, commemorative plaques and posters

In order to ensure the visibility of measures part-financed by the Phare, Ispa or Sapard Programmes, applicant countries shall ensure that the following information and publicity measures are complied with:

Billboards

Billboards providing information on EU participation in the financing of the investment should be erected on the sites of all projects in which EU participation amounts to EUR 1 million or more. Even where the competent national or regional authorities do not erect a billboard announcing their own involvement in financing the EU assistance must nevertheless be announced on a special billboard. Billboards must be of a size which is appreciable to the scale of operation (taking into account the amount of co-financing from the EU) and should be prepared according to the instructions contained in the technical manual obtainable from EC Delegations, referred to above.

Billboards shall be removed not earlier than six months after completion of the work and replaced, wherever possible, by a commemorative plaque in accordance with the specifications outlined in the technical manual referred to above.

Commemorative plaques

Permanent commemorative plaques should be placed at sites accessible to the general public (congress centres, airports, stations, etc.). In addition to the EU logo, such plaques must mention the EU part financing together with a mention of the relevant Programme (Phare, Ispa or Sapard).

Where a national, regional or local authority or another final beneficiary decides to erect a billboard, place a commemorative plaque, display a poster or take any other step to provide information about projects with a cost of less than EUR 1 million, the EU participation must also be indicated.

6. Final provisions

The national, regional or local authorities concerned may, in any event, carry out additional measures if they deem this appropriate. They shall consult the EC Delegation and inform it of the initiatives they take so that the Delegation may participate appropriately in their realisation. In order to facilitate the implementation of these provisions, the Commission, through its Delegations on the spot, shall provide technical assistance in the form of guidance on design requirements, where necessary. A manual will be prepared in the relevant national language, which will contain detailed design guidelines in electronic form and this will be available upon request.